

Experiments with an Agent-oriented Reasoning System

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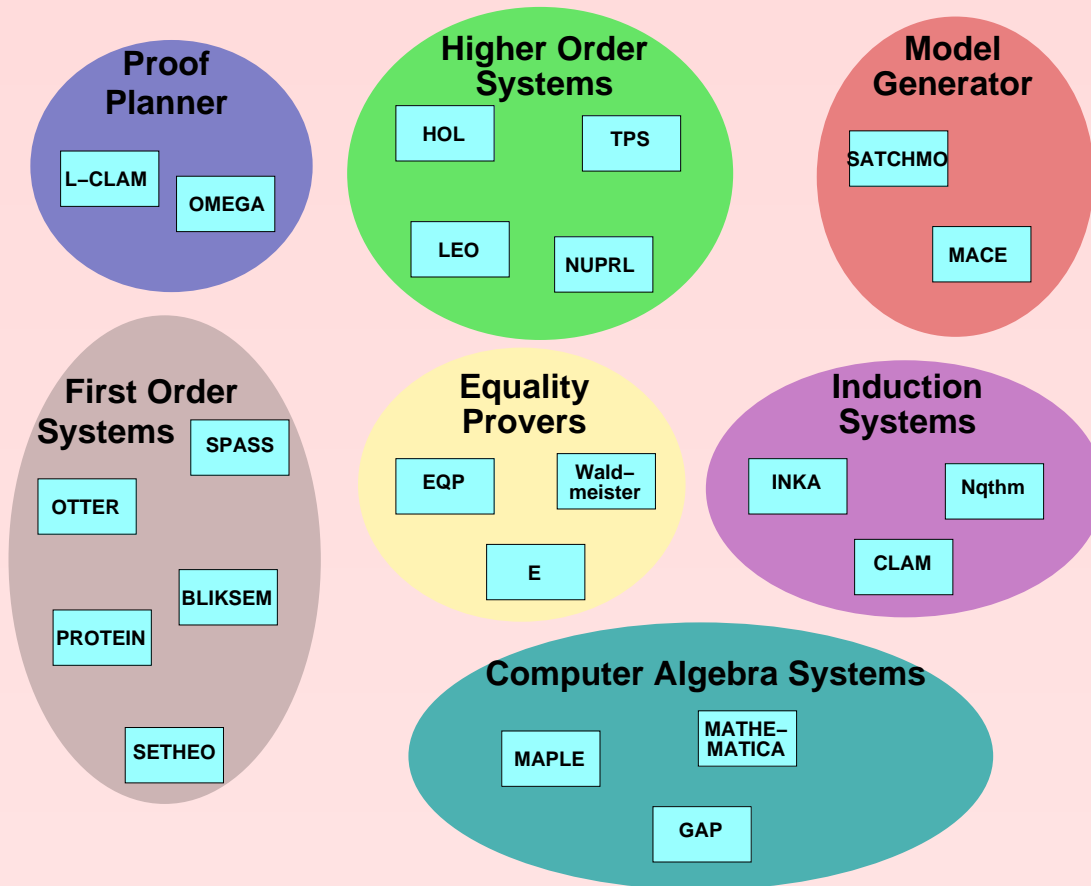
To solve complex mathematical problems

- different specialists may have to bring in their **expertise** and **cooperate**
- a **communication** language is required

A single mathematician

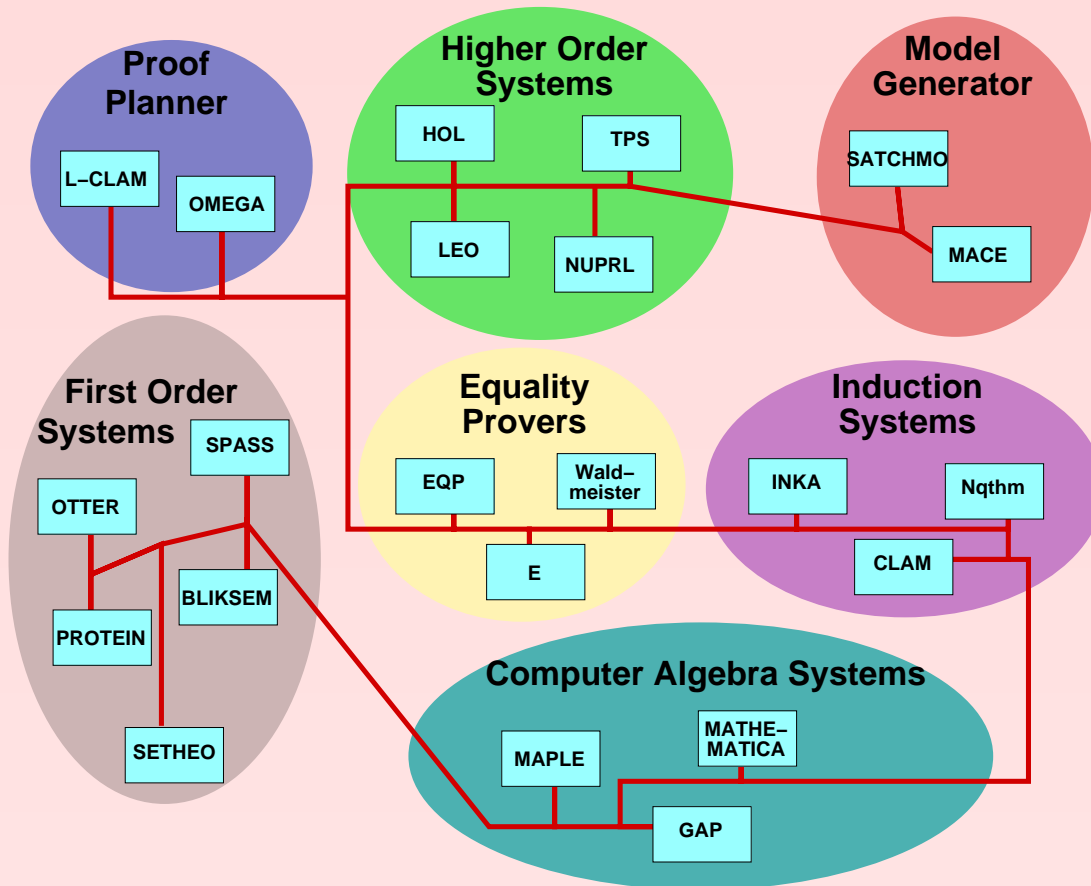
- possesses a large repertoire of **specialised reasoning** and **problem solving techniques**
- uses **experience and intuition** to flexibly combine them in an appropriate way

Motivation – Existing Systems



- heterogeneous
- different niches

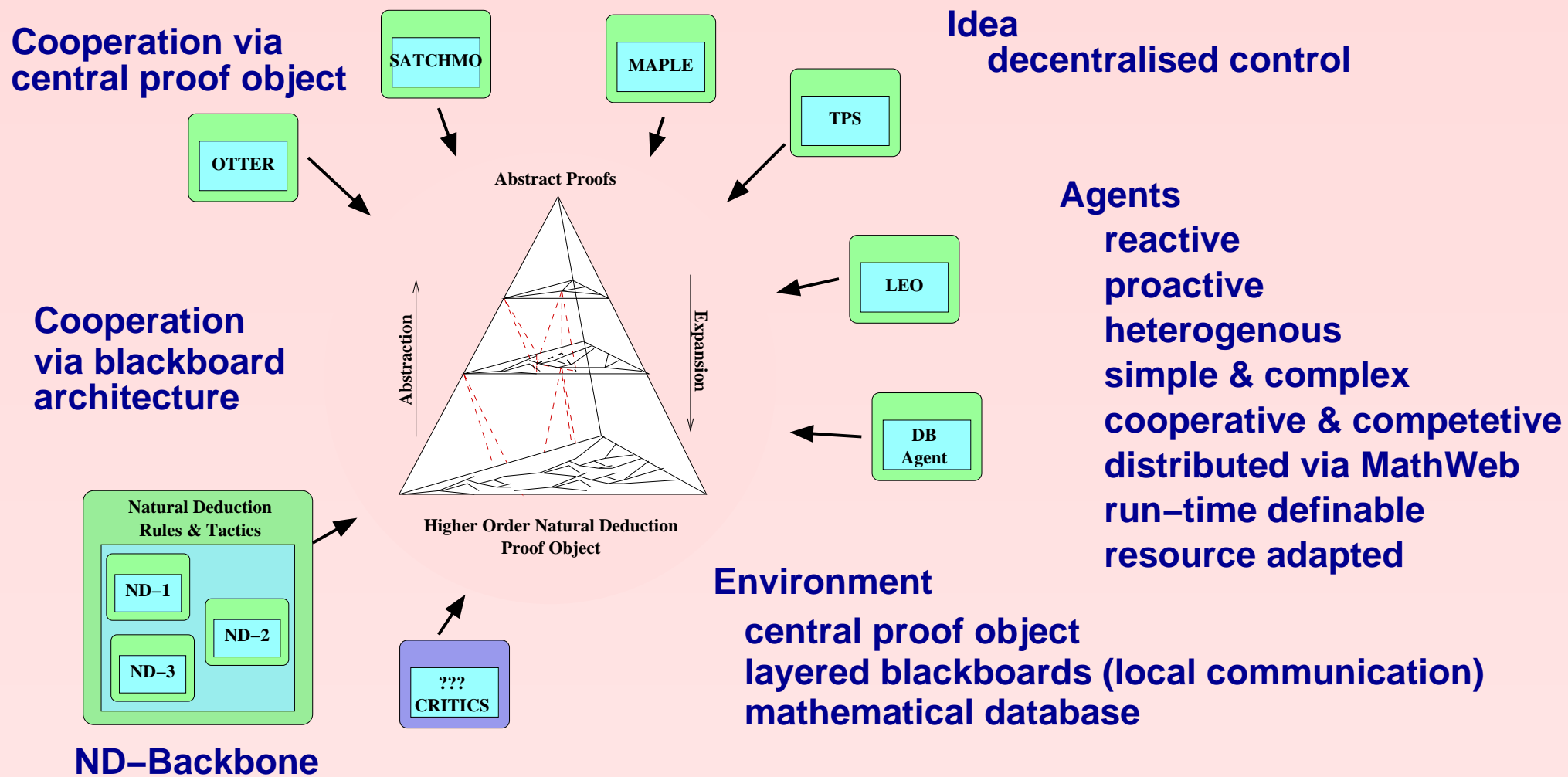
Motivation – Existing Systems



- heterogeneous
- different niches
- hardwired integrations
- system networks: MATHWEB, PROSPER integration-infrastructure

How to realise a flexible interplay?

Motivation – Flexible Integration



Example – HO- and FO-ATP



Higher Order ATP with LEO

C_1 : favourite-numbers(λx . odd(x) \wedge square(x))

unifies (semantically) with

C_2 : \neg favourite-numbers(λx . square(x) \wedge (square(x) \Rightarrow odd(x)))

iff the following first order clauses can be contradicted

First Order ATP with OTTER

square(N)

\neg odd(N) \vee \neg square(N)

odd(N) \vee \neg square(N)

odd(N) \vee square(N)

Example – HO- and FO-ATP



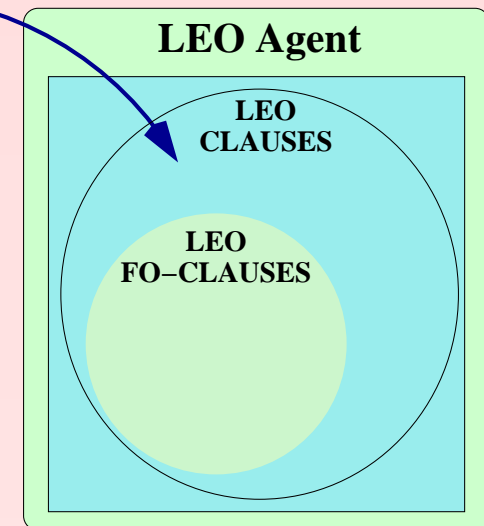
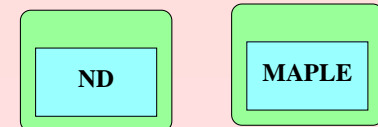
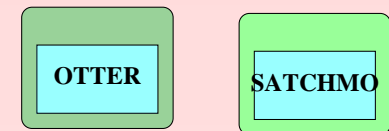
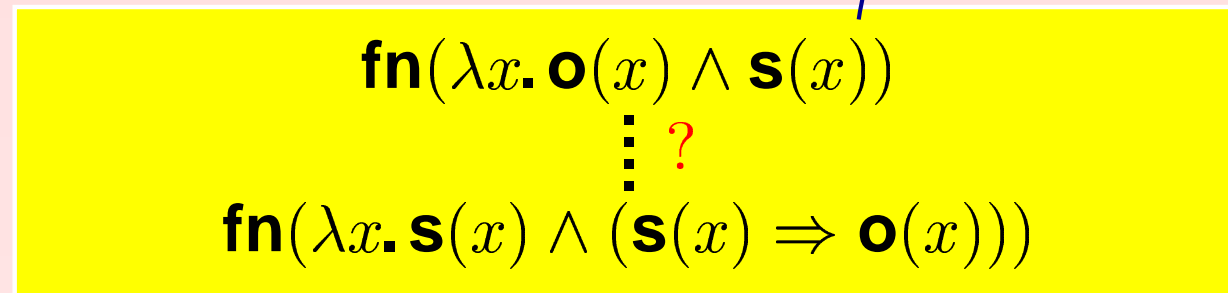
fn = favourite-numbers

o = odd

s = square

$C_1 : \mathbf{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{o}(x) \wedge \mathbf{s}(x))$

$C_2 : \neg \mathbf{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{s}(x) \wedge (\mathbf{s}(x) \Rightarrow \mathbf{o}(x)))$



Example – HO- and FO-ATP

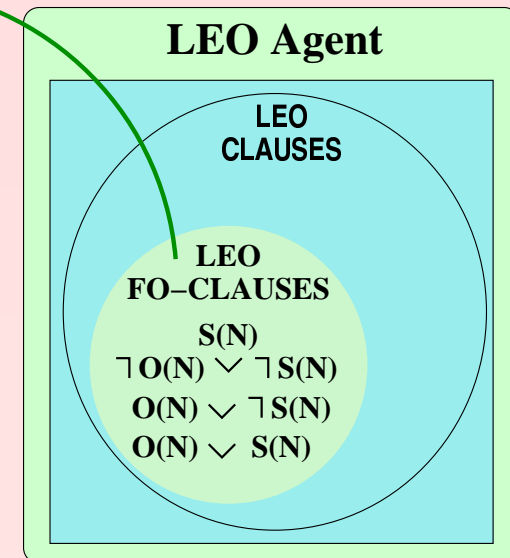


OTTER

SATCHMO

ND

MAPLE

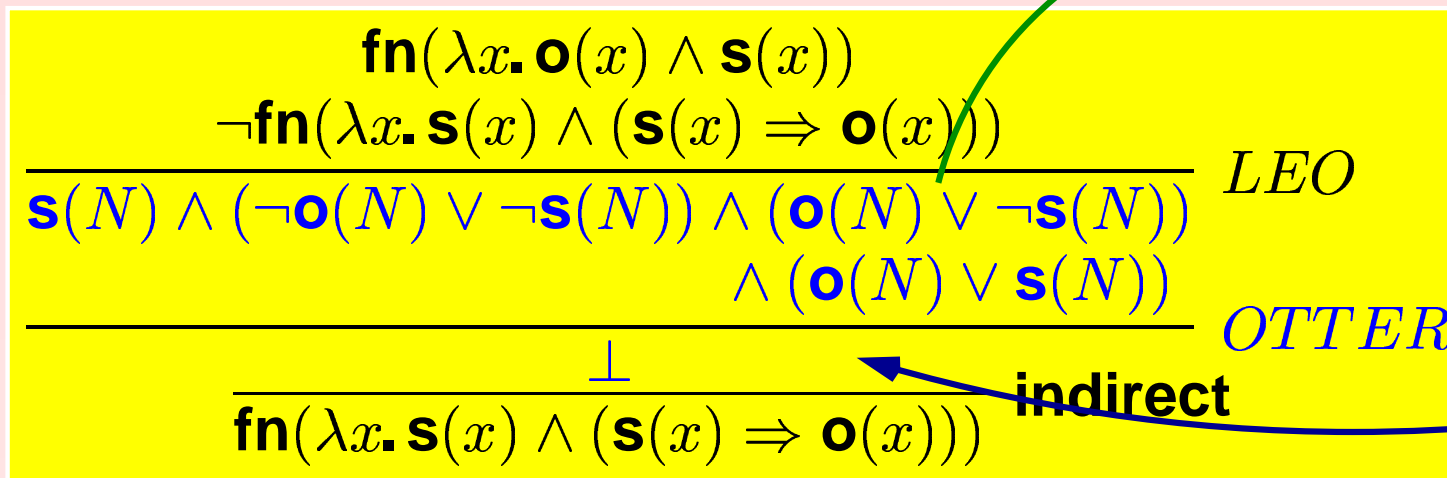
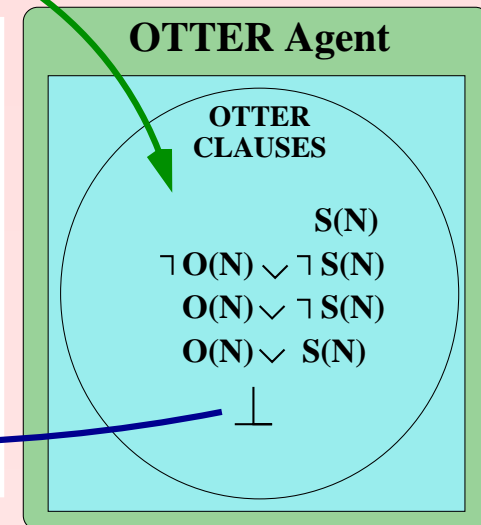
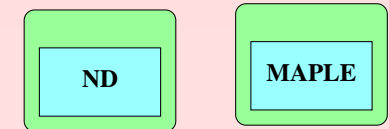
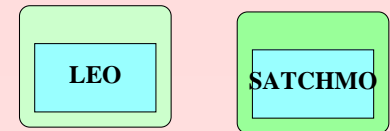


$$\frac{\text{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{o}(x) \wedge \mathbf{s}(x)) \quad \neg \text{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{s}(x) \wedge (\mathbf{s}(x) \Rightarrow \mathbf{o}(x)))}{\text{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{s}(x) \wedge (\mathbf{s}(x) \Rightarrow \mathbf{o}(x)))} \text{LEO}$$

$$\frac{\text{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{s}(x) \wedge (\mathbf{s}(x) \Rightarrow \mathbf{o}(x))) \quad \perp}{\text{fn}(\lambda x. \mathbf{s}(x) \wedge (\mathbf{s}(x) \Rightarrow \mathbf{o}(x)))} \text{indirect}$$

\vdots ?
 \perp

Example – HO- and FO-ATP

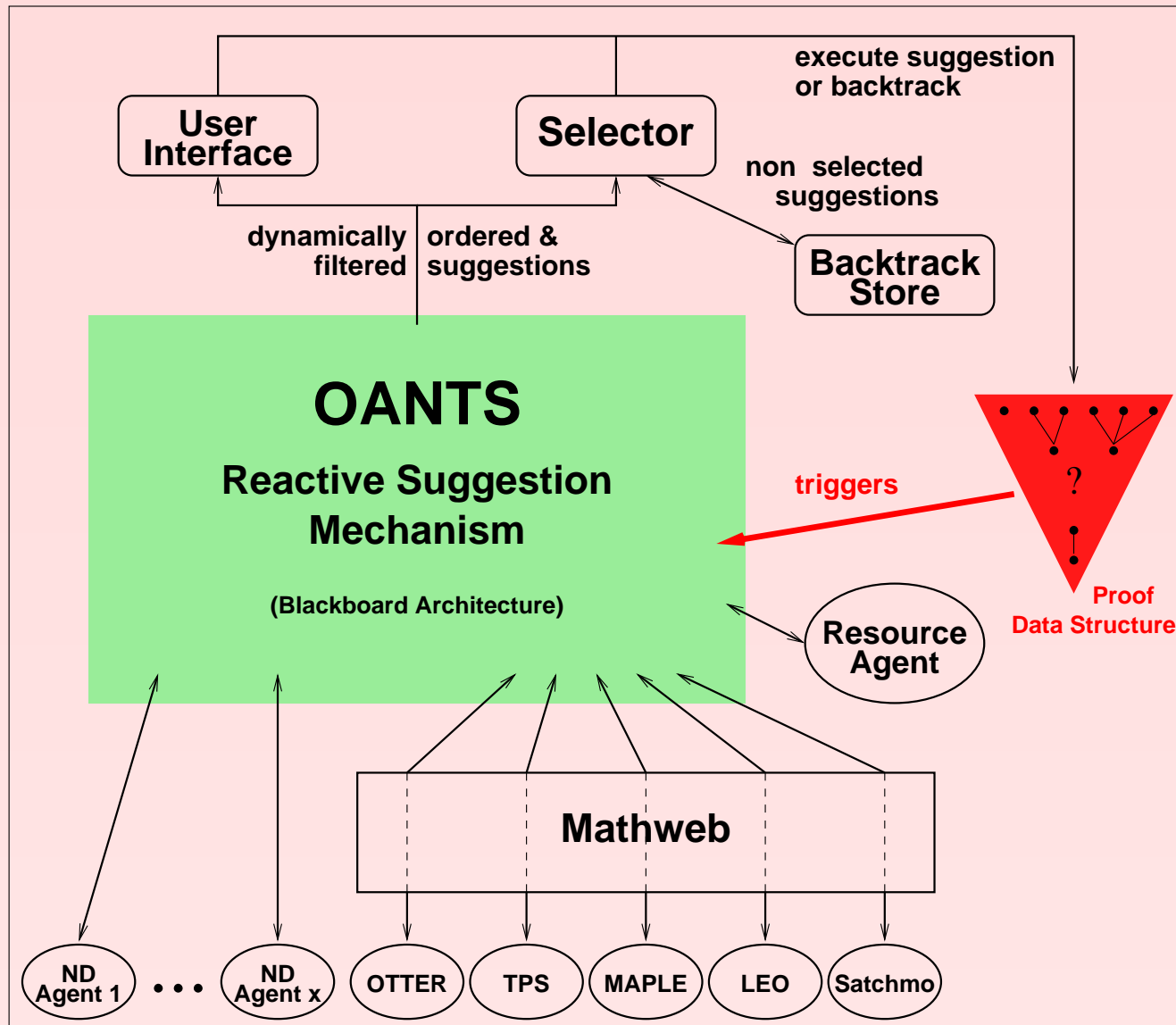


$$\frac{\text{Left: } A \quad \text{Right: } B}{\text{Conj: } A \wedge B} \wedge I$$

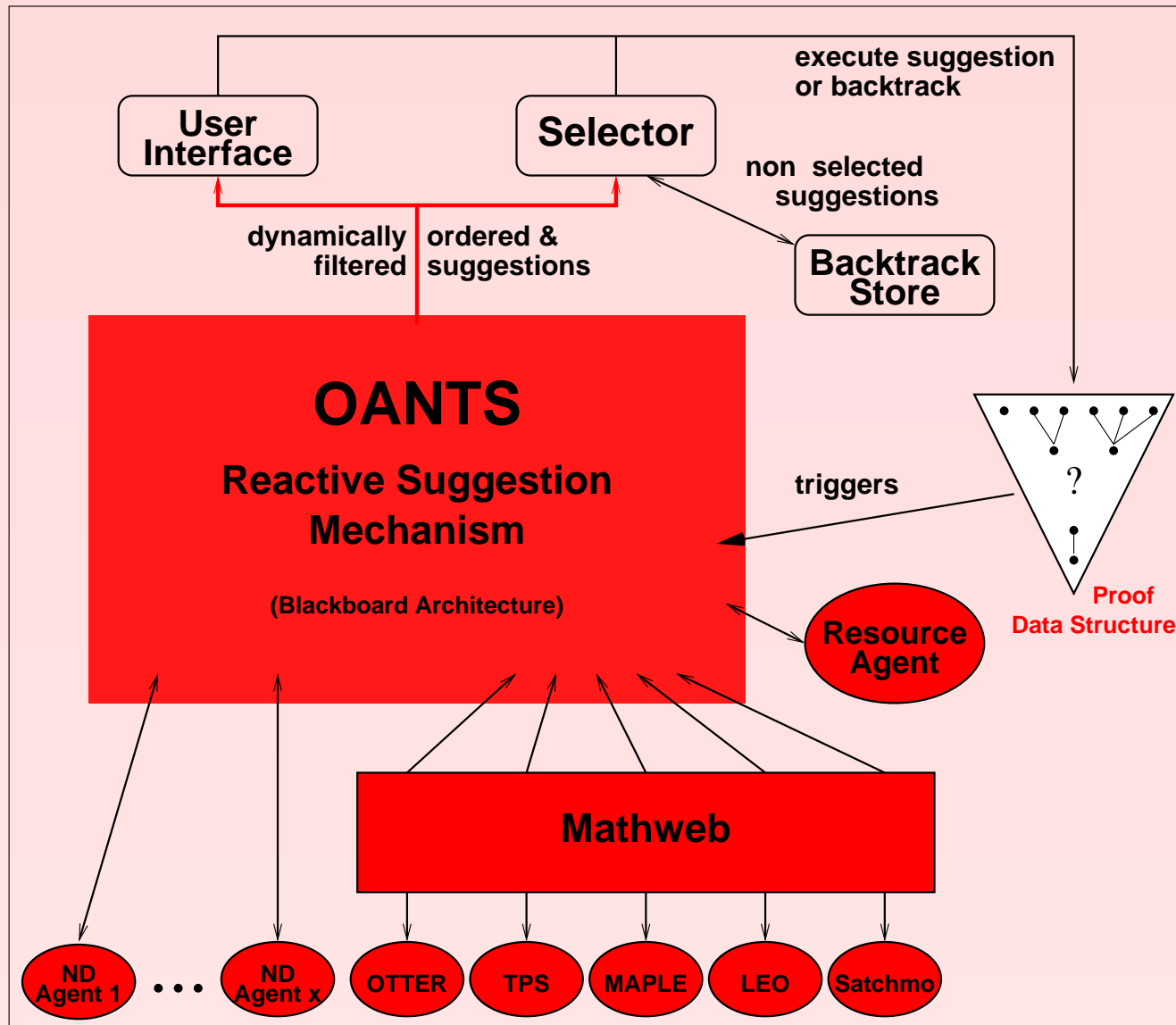
$$\frac{\text{Ass}_1 : A_1 \quad \dots \quad \text{Ass}_n : A_n}{\text{Conc: } C} \text{OTTER}(P_1 : f_1, \dots, P_m : f_m)$$

- Distributed applicability checks for:
proof rules, tactics, external systems, etc.
- Applicability checks further distributed in various sub-processes
- Declarative specification/modification at run-time
- Currently more than 400 distributed processes

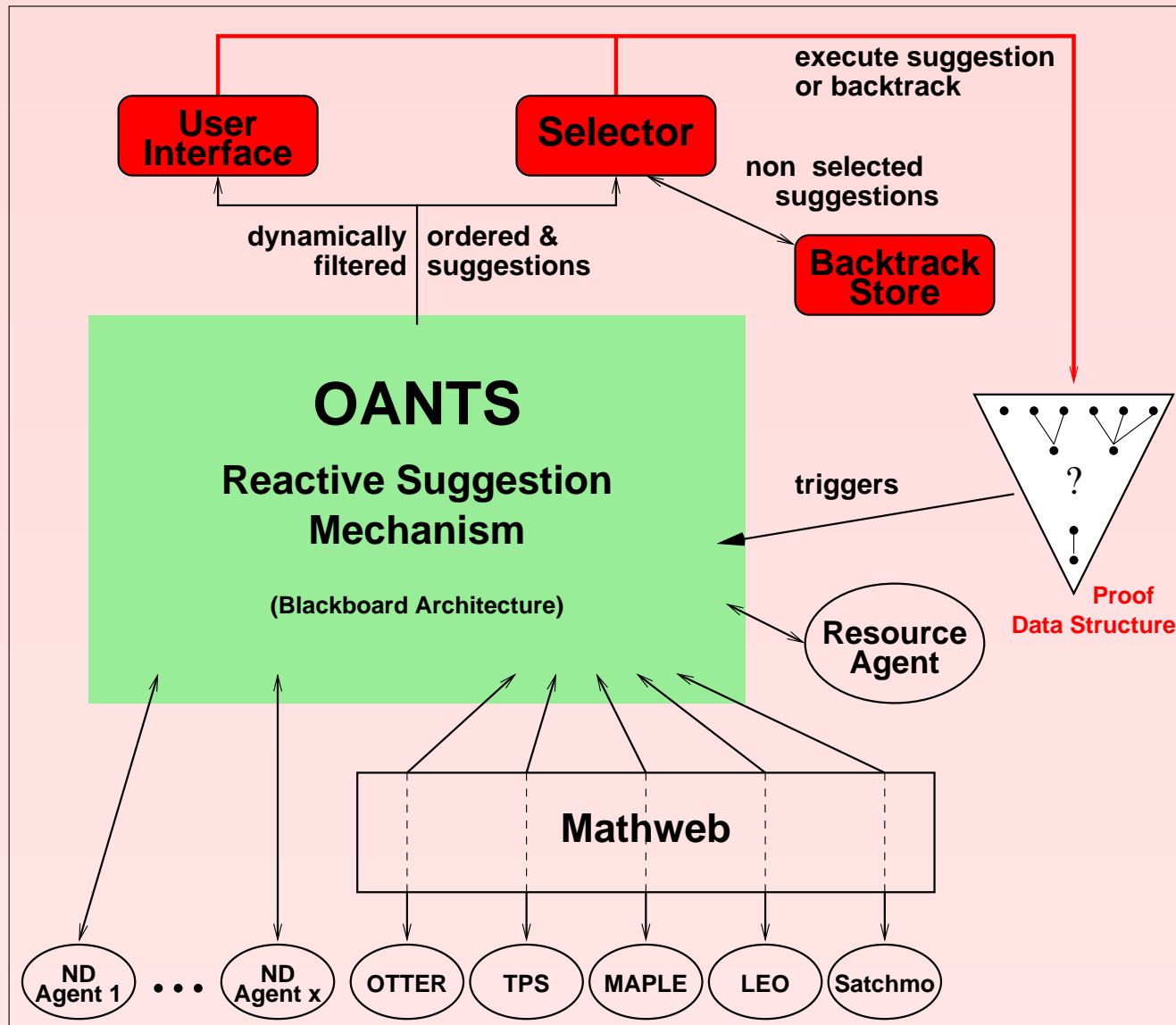
Realisation – Ω -ANTS



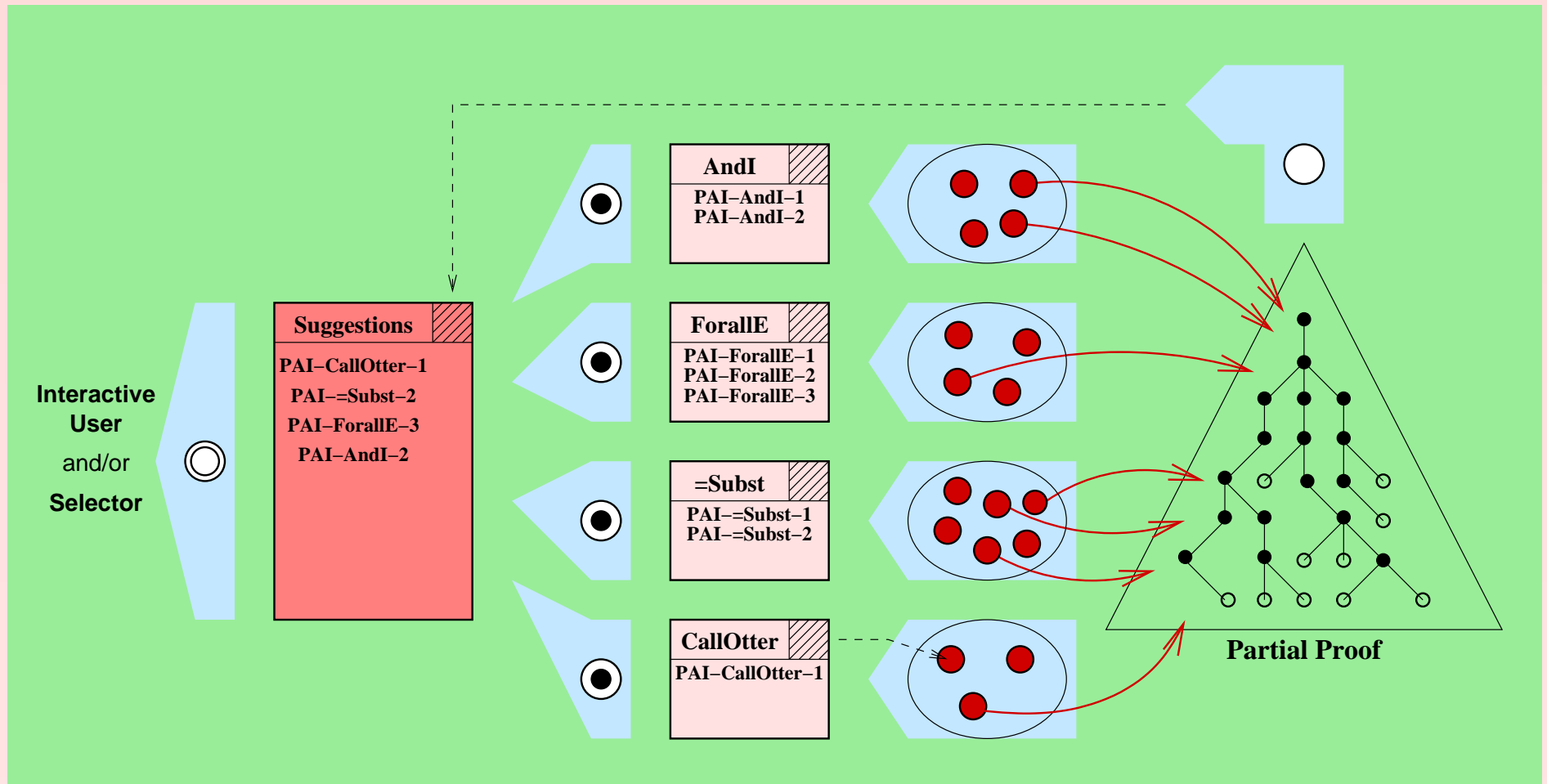
Realisation – Ω -ANTS



Realisation – Ω -ANTS



Realisation – Ω -ANTS



Resource adapted behaviour

- clock speed **low** automatic proof by single ATP
- clock speed **medium** cooperative proof
- clock speed **high** attack at ND level

Experiments: resource adaptivity (in interactive sessions)

agents decide to be inactive/active wrt varying clock speed

Ex1 Higher order ATP and first order ATP

$$\forall x, y, z. (x = y \cup z) \Leftrightarrow (y \subseteq x \wedge z \subseteq x \wedge \forall v. (y \subseteq v \wedge z \subseteq v) \Rightarrow (x \subseteq v))$$

Ex2 ND based TP, propositional ATP, and model generation

$$\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. ((x \cup y) \cap z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z) \quad \mathbf{10000 \text{ Examples}}$$

$$\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. ((x \cup y) \cup z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z) \quad \mathbf{988 \text{ valid} / 9012 \text{ invalid}}$$

Ex3 CAS and higher order ATP

$$\{x \mid x > \text{gcd}(10, 8) \wedge x < \text{lcm}(10, 8)\} = \{x \mid x < 40\} \cap \{x \mid x > 2\}$$

Ex4 Tactical TP, first-order ATP, CAS, and higher order ATP

$$\dots \text{group-definition-1} \dots \Leftrightarrow \dots \text{group-definition-2} \dots$$

- Conc $\vdash \forall x. \forall y. \forall z. ((x \cup y) \cap z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$ Forall-I L1
...
- L3 $\vdash ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) = (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Set-Ext L4
- L4 $\vdash \forall e. e \in ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) \leftrightarrow e \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Forall-I L5
- L5 $\vdash E \in ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) \leftrightarrow E \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Def L6
...
- L8 $\vdash ((E \in X \vee E \in Y) \wedge E \in Z) \leftrightarrow$ OTTER
 $((E \in X \wedge E \in Z) \vee (E \in Y \wedge E \in Z))$

Theorem

Results – ND, PL-ATP, Models



Conc $\vdash \forall x. \forall y. \forall z. ((x \cup y) \cup z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$ Forall-I L1

L3 $\vdash ((X \cup Y) \cup Z) = (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Set-Ext L4

L4 $\vdash \forall e. e \in ((X \cup Y) \cup Z) \leftrightarrow e \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Forall-I L5

L5 $\vdash E \in ((X \cup Y) \cup Z) \leftrightarrow E \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Def L6

...

L8 $\vdash ((E \in X \vee E \in Y) \vee E \in Z) \leftrightarrow$ **SATCHMO**
 $((E \in X \wedge E \in Z) \vee (E \in Y \wedge E \in Z))$

Countermodel: $G \in Z \wedge G \notin X \wedge G \notin Y$

- Parallel & distributed theorem proving [Bonacina 2000]
- TECHS & TEAMWORK approach [Denzinger/Fuchs 1999]
 - filtered exchange of clauses between first-order provers
 - no higher-order systems and no CAS
 - no explicit proof object
 - no user orientation
- Concurrent theorem proving [Fisher 1997]
METATEM (temporal logics) [Fisher 1994]
- Multi agent proof-planning [Fisher/Ireland 1998]
- ... agent based architectures, layered architectures ...

Employ agent paradigm

to flexibly combine
very heterogeneous reasoning components
working on conceptually different layers
in a sceptical, centralised approach
that uses an expressive proof representation format.

Architecture is not restricted to theorem proving

- Short-term goals
 - counterexamples: illustration (Venn-diagrams) & early backtracking
 - more & better agents; more case studies
- Long-term goals
 - decentralisation
 - dynamic clustering
 - communication bottleneck
 - agent interlingua
 - or-parallelism
 - integration with proof planning
 - critical (reflecting) agents

$$\{x \mid x > \mathit{gcd}(10, 8) \wedge x < \mathit{lcm}(10, 8)\} = \{x \mid x < 40\} \cap \{x \mid x > 2\}$$

Conc	$\vdash (\lambda x. x > \mathit{gcd}(10, 8) \wedge x < \mathit{lcm}(10, 8)) =$	CAS L1
	$(\lambda x. x < 40) \cap (\lambda x. x > 2)$	
L1	$\vdash (\lambda x. x > 2 \wedge x < 40) = (\lambda x. x < 40) \cap (\lambda x. x > 2)$	Def L3
L3	$\vdash (\lambda x. x > 2 \wedge x < 40) = (\lambda x. x < 40 \wedge x > 2)$	LEO